Problem	1	2	3	4	Total
Points:	16	10	10	16	52
Score:					

## This homework assignment has 4 problems, for a total of 52 points.

- 1. (16 points) Of the following statements, identify all that hold about XSLT.
  - A. When processing an element for which no matching pattern is specified, XSLT invokes xsl:applytemplates by default on the elements, text, and attributes that occur within that element
  - B. One of the default XSLT behaviors is to copy a text node to the output
  - C. If an XSLT parameter is unspecified during invocation, it is treated as having the empty set as its value
  - D. An XSLT processor can produce unpredictable results if additional parameters are supplied (that aren't defined in the given template)
  - E. A major weakness of XSLT is that it prevents writing transformations that operate in a recursive manner
  - F. In XSLT, you cannot invoke a template on the parent of the current node because that would lead to nontermination
  - G. In XSLT, you can invoke a template on a sibling of the current node
  - H. For every correct XSLT transform that produces a document of schema Y from a document of schema X, you can define an inverse transform that produces a document of schema X from a document of schema Y
- 2. (10 points) Of the following statements, identify all that hold about keys in XML Schema.
  - A. When specifying a schema, we should specify key or unique constraints on all element types for which such constraints make sense
  - B. The current XML standards do not support referential integrity
  - C. A key can have as many selectors and fields as necessary
  - D. Keys can address XML content down to an individual attribute
  - E. A common design pattern for keys involves selecting the fields from the next sibling
- 3. (10 points) Of the following statements, identify all that hold about concepts relating to XML.
  - A. The Document Object Model (DOM) for parsing XML documents is popular in industry because of its performance characteristics
  - B. Mixed content is allowed in XML primarily to support the data-centric view
  - C. In the document-centric view, a relational DBMS is an essential architectural component
  - D. In XML, we can write the null value for an element called item we wish to specify as <item/>
  - E. XML has won its competition in most IT areas because it provides unique, standardized representations of information
- 4. (16 points) Of the following statements, identify all that hold about XML and relational databases.
  - A. SQL/XML involves a new datatype for capturing XML content
  - B. SQL/XML mapping rules include mapping standard SQL datatypes to XML Schema datatypes
  - C. SQL/XML's publishing functions are templates that go into the SELECT part of an SQL query
  - D. SQL/XML uses syntax similar to XPath's, but its meaning is entirely different from the standard XPath
  - E. The main limitation of XQuery and SQL/XML is that they don't allow modifications to the data

- F. Creating a shallow representation (in a relational schema) of an XML document involves choosing a tuple-generating element from the XML document
- G. The three legs of modern information systems are tuples, objects, and queries
- H. Mapping relations to XML documents is a lot easier than mapping XML documents to relations